



THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1865.

A PROCLAMATION

For the Naturalization of certain Persons.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by "The Naturalization Act, 1864," it is enacted that every person who shall be declared to come within the operation of that Act by any Proclamation to be issued in that behalf by His Excellency the Governor, shall, as from the time in such Proclamation specified, be deemed and taken until the termination of the next Session of the General Assembly, to be and to have been from such specified time, a natural-born subject of Her Majesty, within the Colony of New Zealand, as fully to all intents and purposes as if his name had been inserted in the Schedule to that Act annexed: Provided always that every such Proclamation shall contain the description, occupation, or calling of every person therein named, and his place of residence at the date of such Proclamation:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested by the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the persons hereinafter mentioned shall come within the operation of the said Act from the dates hereinafter specified, viz.:—

CHRISTIAN HILLE,
from the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, native of Hanover, Shepherd, residence, Waitaki, in the Province of Otago.

FERDINAND REINER,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, native of Prussia, Master Mariner; residence, Auckland, in the Province of Auckland.

JOSE LEAL DE SIMAS,
from the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, native of Portugal, Gardener; residence, Wellington, in the Province of Wellington.

HENRY ROBB,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, native of Bremen, Carpenter; residence, Auckland, in the Province of Auckland.

DIETERICH WILHELM BOSSELMAN,
from the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, native of Germany, Farmer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of Nelson.

CATHERINE MARGRETHA BOSSELMAN,
wife of the above Dieterich Wilhelm Bosselman;

**JOHANN WILHELM,
HENRICH HERMANN LUDWIG,
DIETERICH HEINRICH ANTON,
FRIEDERICH WILHELM,
HERMANN HEINRICH,
FRIEDERICH DIETERICH,
GEORGE AUGUST,
HEINRICH DIETERICH,
ERNEST HEINRICH FRIEDRICH, and
MARIA DOROTHEA BOSSELMAN,**
children of the above Dieterich Wilhelm Bosselman.

HEINRICH FRIEDERICH WILHELM EVERS,
from the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, native of Germany, Farmer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of Nelson;

SOPHIA MARIA EVERS,
wife of the above Heinrich Friederich Wilhelm Evers,

MARGRETHA BENKE,
from the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, native of Germany, Settler; residence, Moutere, in the Province of Nelson;

**JOHANN DIETERICH,
JOHANN HEINRICH,
SOPHIA DOROTHEA,
SOPHIA DOROTHEA MARGRETHA, and
ANNA CATHERINA BENKE,**
children of the above Margretha Benke.

AUGUST SCHILDHAUER,
from the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, native of Germany, Laborer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of Nelson;

ELIZABETH SCHILDHAUER,
wife of the above August Schildhauer;

HEINRICH and WILHELM SCHILDHAUER,
children of the above August Schildhauer;

MARIA SCHILDHAUER,
niece of the above August Schildhauer.

HEINRICH FRIEDERICH CHRISTOPH KORTE,
from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-five, native of Germany,
Farmer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of
Nelson;

CATHERINA MARIA DOROTHEA KORTE,
wife of the above Heinrich Friederich Christoph
Korte;

JOHANNA MARIA DOROTHEA KORTE,
daughter of the above Heinrich Friederich Christoph
Korte.

FRANZ HEINRICH CHRISTOPH DUVEL,
from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-five, native of Germany,
Farmer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of
Nelson;

HANNA SOPHIA DOROTHEA DUVEL,
wife of the above Franz Heinrich Christoph Duvel;

SOPHIA MARIA DOROTHEA DUVEL,

MARIE SOPHIE HINRITH, and

JOHANNA MARIE DOROTHEA DUVEL,

children of the above Franz Heinrich Christoph
Duvel.

JOHANNA CHRISTIAN HEINRICH CARL HARLING,
from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-five, native of Germany,
Farmer; residence, Moutere, in the Province of
Nelson.

SIMON BUCHHOLZ,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of Prussia, Storekeeper;
residence, Motueka, in the Province of Nelson.

HANS JUERGEN HANSEN,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-four, native of Sleschwig-Holstein,
Settler; residence, Dunedin, in the Province of Otago.

EMANUAL ROSA,
from the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-five, native of Portugal,
Gardener; residence, Wellington, in the Province of
Wellington.

JOHN ANSKIS ASCHMAN,
from the twenty-seventh day of March, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-five, native of Prussia,
Mariner; residence, Akaroa, in the Province of
Canterbury.

JOSEPH SILVEA,
from the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of the Island of St.
Michael's, possession of Portugal, Carpenter; resi-
dence, Mongonui, in the Province of Auckland.

WILLIAM TAPPEL,
from the seventh day of April, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of Prussia, Blacksmith;
residence, Wanganui, in the Province of Wellington.

CHRISTIAN DITFORT,
from the first day of June, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-four, native of Germany, Baker;
residence, Christchurch, in the Province of Canter-
bury.

ISAAC FONSECA,
from the first day of April, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of St. Croix, one of the
West India Islands belonging to Denmark, Carpenter,
Vestry-clerk and Sexton; residence, Timaru, in the
Province of Canterbury.

JOHANN MEYER,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight
hundred and fifty-five, native of Stemme, Hanover,
Farmer; residence, Arrowhenua, in the Province of
Canterbury.

PIETER KIPPENBERGER,
from the twentieth day of May, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-three, native of Bayern, Germany,
Laborer; residence, Beach Road, Timaru, in the
Province of Canterbury.

CARLO SCHIAVI,
from the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-four, native of Venice, Boarding-
house Keeper; residence, South Road, Timaru, in
the Province of Canterbury.

JOHN MULLER,
from the first day of January, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-two, native of Prussia, Hotel
Keeper; residence, Christchurch, in the Province of
Canterbury.

PHILIPP SCHNEIDER,
from the first day of February, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-two, native of Germany, Hotel
Keeper; residence, Christchurch in the Province of
Canterbury.

JOHN EBERT,
from the first day of February, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-two, native of Germany, Hotel
Keeper; residence, Christchurch, in the Province of
Canterbury.

HENRY CORNING RICHMOND,
from the twentieth day of May, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of the United States of
America, Publican; residence, Arrowtown, in the
Province of Otago.

LOUIS VON ROTTER,
from the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five, native of Upper Saxony,
Military Settler; residence, White Cliff, in the Pro-
vince of Taranaki.

Given under my hand, at the Government
House, at Wellington, and issued under
the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand,
this twenty-second day of June, in the
year of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
FRED. A. WELD.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

*Extending the Jurisdiction of the Resident Magistrate's
Court at Tokomairiro, in the Province of Otago.*

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight
Commander of the Most Honorable Order
of the Bath, Governor and Commander-
in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony
of New Zealand and its Dependencies,
and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by "The Resident Magistrate's Juris-
diction Extension Act, 1862," it is enacted that
every case of a claim for debt or damages, such as
might at the passing of the said Act be lawfully tried
in a Resident Magistrate's Court, where the debt or
damages claimed do not exceed the sum of Twenty
pounds, may be tried in any Resident Magistrate's
Court with respect to which this Act shall be in
operation, when the debt or damages claimed do not
exceed Fifty pounds; And it is provided that the
Governor may, by Proclamation in the Government
Gazette of the Colony, declare that the limit of juris-
diction of any such Court shall be extended to One
hundred pounds; and such limit of jurisdiction shall
be in such cases extended accordingly;

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the said recited Act, and of an Order in Council dated the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, authorizing the issue of Proclamations under the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the provisions of the said recited Act, and especially the powers conferred by sections two and three thereof, shall be exercised to the limit of jurisdiction of One hundred pounds in the Resident Magistrate's Court at Tokomairiro, in the Province of Otago:

And I do farther proclaim and declare that this Proclamation shall take effect on and from the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
HENRY SEWELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

Extending the Jurisdiction of the Resident Magistrate's Court at Hokitika, in the Province of Canterbury.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by "The Resident Magistrate's Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1862," it is enacted that every case of a claim for debt or damages, such as might at the passing of the said Act be lawfully tried in a Resident Magistrate's Court, where the debt or damages claimed do not exceed the sum of Twenty pounds, may be tried in any Resident Magistrate's Court with respect to which this Act shall be in operation, when the debt or damages claimed do not exceed fifty pounds; And it is provided that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette of the Colony, declare that the limit of jurisdiction of any such Court shall be extended to One hundred pounds; and such limit of jurisdiction shall be in such cases extended accordingly:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the said recited Act, and of an Order in Council dated the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, authorizing the issue of Proclamations under the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the provisions of the said recited Act, and especially the powers conferred by sections two and three thereof, shall be exercised to the limit of jurisdiction of One hundred pounds in the Resident Magistrate's Court at Hokitika, in the Province of Canterbury;

And I do further proclaim and declare that this Proclamation shall take effect on and from the fourteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony, this thirtieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
HENRY SEWELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

Extending the Jurisdiction of the Resident Magistrate's Court at Dunedin, in the Province of Otago.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS, by "The Resident Magistrates' Jurisdiction Extension Act, 1862," it is enacted that every case of a claim for debt or damages, such as might, at the passing of the said Act, be lawfully tried in a Resident Magistrate's Court, where the debt or damages claimed do not exceed the sum of Twenty pounds, may be tried in any Resident Magistrate's Court with respect to which this Act shall be in operation, when the debt or damages claimed do not exceed Fifty pounds; And it is provided that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette of the Colony, declare that the limit of jurisdiction of any such Court shall be extended to One hundred pounds, and such limit of jurisdiction shall be in such cases, extended accordingly:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in pursuance of the said recited Act, and of an Order in Council dated the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, authorizing the issue of Proclamations under the said Act, do hereby proclaim and declare that the provisions of the said recited Act, and especially the powers conferred by sections two and three thereof, shall be exercised to the limit of jurisdiction of One hundred pounds in the Resident Magistrate's Court at Dunedin, in the Province of Otago:

And I do farther proclaim and declare, that this Proclamation shall take effect on and from the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony, this first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command.

HENRY SEWELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

Bringing 2nd section of "Wild Birds Protection Act, 1864," into operation in the Province of Canterbury.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by "The Wild Birds' Protection Act, 1864," it is enacted that the second section of the said Act shall have no force or effect except in such portions of the Colony as shall from time to time be proclaimed by the Governor to come within the operation of such section:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby proclaim the Province of Canterbury to be within the operation of the second section of the above recited Act.

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Auckland, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this tenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

HENRY SEWELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

Constituting a Hundred in the Province of Otago.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS it is enacted by "The Definition of Districts Act, 1858," that it shall be lawful for the Governor, from time to time by Proclamation in the *New Zealand Gazette*, to divide the Colony into Counties, Hundreds, Parishes, or such other divisions as he may deem expedient, which shall have such limits, and shall have and be known by such names or designations as in and by the Proclamation constituting the same shall be prescribed;

Now, therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of New Zealand, in exercise of the power in me in this behalf vested by the said recited Act, do hereby proclaim and declare as follows:—

There shall be within the Province of Otago, in the said Colony, the following Hundred, bounded by the limits and known by the name or designation hereunder written, that is to say—

MARUWENUA HUNDRED.

all that area situate in the north-eastern district of the Province of Otago, containing by admeasurement sixty-seven square miles more or less, bounded towards the north by the Waitaki River, towards the east by a line due south from the confluence of the Waitaki and Maruwenua Rivers to the forty-fifth parallel of south latitude, towards the south by the said forty-fifth parallel of south latitude, and towards the west by the meridian of Black Hill.

Given under my hand at the Government House, at Auckland, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this tenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
HENRY SEWELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

A PROCLAMATION

Revoking Proclamation of Martial Law in the Province of Taranaki.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by Proclamation bearing date the 25th day of January, 1860, His Excellency Colonel Thomas Gore Browne, the then Governor of the said Colony of New Zealand, did proclaim and declare that martial law would be exercised throughout the Province of Taranaki, from the date of the publication of the said Proclamation within the said Province until the relief of the said District from martial law by public Proclamation:

And whereas it appears unto me expedient to revoke the said Proclamation:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor as aforesaid of the said Colony, in pursuance and exercise of all powers and authorities in this behalf enabling me, do hereby proclaim and declare the aforesaid Proclamation of the 25th day of January, 1860, to be and the same is hereby revoked:

And I do further proclaim and declare that this Proclamation shall take effect on and from the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Given under my hand at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
J. C. RICHMOND,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

ORDER IN COUNCIL,

Costs of Management of the Nelson Gold Fields, to be regulated by Acts of Provincial Council.

G. GREY, Governor.

At the Government House, at Wellington, the 28th day of June, 1865.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled the "Gold Fields Act, 1862," it is provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, from time to time to delegate to the Superintendent of any Province, or to such persons as the Governor may deem fit, all or any of the powers vested in the Governor, or the Governor in Council, by the said Act, except the powers conferred by sections, nineteen, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three and sixty-one thereof, subject or not to any limitations or restrictions as he may think fit and in like manner to alter or revoke any such powers:

And whereas it is further provided that whenever the Governor shall have delegated to the Superintendent of any Province all or any of the aforesaid powers, it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council to appoint and declare that all costs, charges, and expenses incident to the management and administration of the Gold Fields within such Province shall be regulated by Acts or Ordinances to be passed by the Superintendent and Provincial Council of such Province:

And whereas by an instrument in writing, of even date herewith, issued under the Seal of the Colony, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, and in exercise of the before-recited power, hath delegated to

ALFRED SAUNDERS, Esq.,

as Superintendent of the Province of Nelson, in the said Colony, all the aforesaid powers, excepting those before recited to be excepted, to hold and exercise the said powers within the Province of Nelson aforesaid:

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority for this purpose by the said Act conferred, doth hereby, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony, appoint and declare that all the costs, charges, and expenses incident to the management and administration of the Gold Fields within the Province of Nelson, shall be regulated by Acts to be passed by the Superintendent and Provincial Council of the said Province.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Delegation of the Governor's powers under "The Gold Fields Act, 1862," to the Superintendent of Nelson.

By His Excellency SIR GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Comma

in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, entitled "The Gold Fields Act, 1862," it is provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, from time to time to delegate to the Superintendent of any Province, or to such other person as the Governor may deem fit, all or any of the powers vested in the Governor or in the Governor in Council by the said Act, except the powers conferred by sections nineteen, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, and sixty-one thereof, subject or not to any limitations or restrictions as he may think fit, and in like manner to alter or revoke any such powers:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor as aforesaid of the said Colony, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, and in exercise of the power and authority for this purpose in me vested, do hereby delegate unto

ALFRED SAUNDERS, Esq.,

as Superintendent of the Province of Nelson, all the powers vested in me under or by virtue of "The Gold Fields Act, 1862," except the powers contained in sections nineteen, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, and sixty-one of the said Act, to have, hold, and exercise within the Province of Nelson the said powers hereby given the said Alfred Saunders so long as he shall continue and remain Superintendent of the said Province, and no longer:

Provided always that copies of all Rules and Regulations made under the delegation aforesaid, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Colonial Secretary, in order that the same may be laid before the General Assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the sixty-third clause of "The Gold Fields Act, 1862."

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this twenty-eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
J. C. RICHMOND.

Delegation of the Governor's powers under "The Gold Fields Act, 1862," to the Superintendent of Nelson.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by section nineteen of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, intituled "The Gold Fields Act, 1862," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, by Order in Council, from time to time to constitute for any Gold Field, or for any part thereof, Wardens' Courts for the administration of justice therein, and to appoint Wardens as Judges of such Courts, with power to act alone, or with Assessors or Juries, and in such manner and to exercise all or any of the powers thereinafter mentioned as the Governor shall think fit to direct:

And whereas by the fifth section of an Act of the General Assembly, intituled "The Gold Fields' Act Amendment Act, 1863," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, under his hand and the Public Seal of the Colony, from time to time to delegate to the Superintendent of any Province or

to such other person as the Governor may deem fit, and under such restrictions as he shall think fit, all or any of the powers vested in the Governor, or the Governor in Council, by section nineteen of the said Act, and to alter or revoke by said delegation:

Now therefore, I, Sir George Grey, the Governor as aforesaid of the said Colony, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, and in pursuance of the power and authority for this purpose in me vested, do hereby delegate unto

ALFRED SAUNDERS, Esq.,

as Superintendent of the Province of Nelson, all the powers vested in me by the nineteenth section of "The Gold Fields' Act, 1862;" to have, hold, and exercise within the Province of Nelson the said powers hereby given the said Alfred Saunders so long as he shall continue and remain Superintendent of the said Province, and no longer, and to have, hold, and exercise such powers subject to the Regulations hereunder written, namely:—

Regulations.

All acts and appointments done and made by the said Superintendent under the foregoing Delegation shall be provisional until the same shall have been confirmed and allowed by the Governor, and the Governor shall have power to disallow the same.

The Superintendent shall report without delay to the Governor all such acts and appointments.

The Superintendent shall lay before the Provincial Council of the said Province every such act and appointment at the Session of the said Council next following.

The Provincial Council of the said Province may through their Speaker, transmit to the Governor any resolutions respecting any such act or appointment.

Given under my hand, at the Government House, at Wellington, and issued under the Seal of the Colony of New Zealand, this twenty-eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,
J. C. RICHMOND.

ORDER IN COUNCIL,

Appointing additional Member to Domain Board at Auckland.

G. GREY, Governor.

At the Government House, at Wellington, the twenty-eighth day of June, 1865.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council, dated the eleventh day of May, 1865, a Domain Board at Auckland was constituted under the provisions of "The Public Domains Act, 1860:"

And whereas it is expedient to appoint an additional member of such Board:

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth by the present Order appoint

RICHARD RIDINGS, Esq.,

to be an additional member of such Board, subject to the stipulations and in conformity with the provisions specified in the aforesaid Order in Council.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

Expenditure for Native Purposes.

G. GREY, Governor.

At the Government House, at Wellington the twenty-eighth day of June, 1865.

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Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

THE following appropriations are recommended for the approval of the Governor in Council. Native Secretary's Department, 1865.

Fees and Fines received by W. B.

White, Esq., Civil Commissioner

at Mongonui

£101 18 6

It is recommended in accordance with section XL of "The Native Circuit Courts Act, 1858," that the above amount be appropriated and disposed of for such purposes as may be determined by the Runanga, and be placed at their disposal accordingly.

Approved in Council, the 28th day of June, 1865.

FORSTER GORING,

Clerk of Executive Council.

CUSTOMS.

Governor's Order No. 59,

Appointing Hokitika a Warehousing Port.

By His Excellency Sir George Grey, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

IN exercise of the powers in me for this purpose vested by "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby appoint that the under-mentioned Port shall be a Warehousing Port for the purposes of "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," viz.,

HOKITIKA,

in the Province of Canterbury; and do hereby approve of the same Port as a Port of Importation.

Given under my hand at Wellington, this twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

J. RICHARDSON,

Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOMS.

Governor's Order No. 61,

Appointing Onehunga a Warehousing Port.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GREY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

IN exercise of the powers in me for this purpose vested by "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," I, Sir George Grey, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby appoint that the under-mentioned Port shall be a Warehousing Port for the purposes of "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," viz.,

ONEHUNGA,

in the Province of Auckland; and do hereby approve of the same Port as a Port of Importation.

Given under my hand at Wellington, this twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

G. GREY.

By His Excellency's command,

J. RICHARDSON,

Commissioner of Customs.

Governor's assent withheld to Ordinance (Otago.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 4th July, 1865.

THE following Bill passed by the Provincial Council of Otago, intituled:

"Appropriation Ordinance, No. 2, 1865," which Bill was reserved for the signification of the Governor's pleasure thereon, having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to withhold his assent to the same.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Ordinances left to their operation (Otago.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 4th July, 1865.

THE following Ordinances, passed by the Provincial Council of Otago, intituled:

"Dunedin Town Board Dissolution Ordinance, 1865"

"Appropriation Ordinance, 1865"

having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to leave the same to their operation.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Ordinances assented to (Otago.)

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 4th July, 1865.

THE following Bills passed by the Provincial Council of Otago, intituled:

"Otago Municipal Corporations Ordinance, 1865"

"Otago Harbor Trust Lands Ordinance, No. 2, 1865."

"Cemeteries Ordinance, 1865"

"Acclimatisation Reserve Ordinance, 1865"

"Roads Diversion Ordinance, 1865"

"Port Chalmers Municipal Estate Reserves Ordinance, 1865"

"Medical Practitioners' Ordinance, 1864, Amendment Ordinance, 1865"

which Bills were reserved for the signification of the Governor's pleasure thereon, having been laid before the Governor, His Excellency has been pleased to assent to the same.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Appointment of Registrar of Marriages, &c.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 24th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JAMES BOYS, Esq.,

to be Registrar of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths and Marriages, for the District of Oxford, as the same is defined in a Proclamation bearing date the 16th August, 1861, and published in *Gazette* of same date.

FRED. A. WELD.

Appointment of Registrar of Marriages, &c.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 24th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOSEPH BARNES BORTON, Esq.,

to be Registrar of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths and Marriages, for the District of the Arrow, as the same is defined in a Proclamation bearing date the 30th April, 1864, and published in *Gazette* of 6th May, 1864.

FRED. A. WELD.

Appointment of Registrar of Marriages, &c.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 24th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HUGH McILLRAITH, Esq.,

to be Registrar of Marriages, and of Births, Deaths and Marriages, for the District of Amuri, as the same is defined in a Proclamation bearing date the 5th April, 1862, and published in *Gazette* of 7th April, 1862.

FRED. A. WELD.

Charles P. Powles, Esq., appointed Deputy Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Rangitikei.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 3rd July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

CHARLES P. POWLES, Esq.,
to be Deputy Returning Officer for Election of Members of the Provincial Council of Wellington for the Electoral District of Rangitikei.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Edward Hill, Esq., appointed Chief Clerk, Audit Department.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 28th June, 1865.

IT is hereby notified that
EDWARD HILL, Esq.,
has been appointed Chief Clerk in the Department of the Auditor of Public Accounts.

This appointment dates from 7th July, 1864.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Letters of Registration in favor of A. C. L. De Lacy.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 5th July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to grant Letters of Registration in favor of

ALAN CAMERON LYSTER DE LACY,
of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Civil and Mining Engineer, on Letters Patent granted in the said Colony for an invention for "Improvements in Machinery Apparatus, Materials, and Processes for preparing and treating Auriferous, Argentiferous, and Mineral Rocks, Cement, and Alluvium, parts whereof are applicable to other purposes."—Dated 28th June, 1865.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Letters of Registration in favor of A. C. L. De Lacy.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 5th July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to grant Letters of Registration in favor of

ALAN CAMERON LYSTER DE LACY,
of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Civil and Mining Engineer, on Letters Patent granted in the said Colony, for an invention for "Improvements in Furnaces and Machinery, for calcining and pulverising Gangue, and the separation of Gold and other Metals from Gangue Metals, Metallards and other analogous matters."—Dated 28th June, 1865.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Letters of Registration in favor of F. Ransome.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 5th July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to grant Letters of Registration in favor of

FREDERICK RANSOME,
of Ipswich, in the County of Suffolk, in England, manufacturer of Artificial Stone, on Letters Patent granted in the Colony of Victoria for an invention entitled "Improvements in the manufacture of Artificial Stone and Cement or Plaster, and in treating Timber for the purpose of preserving the same." Dated 28th June, 1865.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Wellington, 27th June, 1865.

THE following communication, received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, as to the maintenance of Naval Cadets from the Colonies, is published for general information.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Lord Clarence Paget to the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Admiralty, 25th January, 1865.

SIR,—I am commanded by my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to acquaint you, for the information of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, that in consequence of the great inconvenience that has been found to arise from the fact that many of the Naval Cadets who are natives of the Colonies, after joining the Training Ship in England, have no friends with whom to spend the vacations, my Lords have laid down the following regulations, which they request may be communicated to the parents or friends of all boys nominated to a Cadetship upon the recommendation of the Secretary of State:—

"In the case of a Candidate for a Naval Cadetship who is a native of one of the Colonies, he will be examined in the first instance on board the ship of the Senior Officer on the Station, and will then be required to join the Training Ship in England, as in the case of other Cadets. It is however to be fully understood, that arrangements must be made for his lodging and maintenance during the vacations (six weeks at Midsummer and five weeks at Christmas), during which periods he will not be permitted to remain on board the Training Ship."

I am, &c.,

C. PAGET.

The Under Secretary of State
for the Colonies.

"Diseased Cattle Act, 1861."

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 1st July, 1865.

THE following Proclamations received on the 23rd ultimo, issued by his Honor the Superintendent of Otago, are published for general information.

J. C. RICHMOND.

PROCLAMATION,

Declaring a certain portion of the Province of Otago to be an Infected District, under "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861."

By the Honorable JOHN HYDE HARRIS, Superintendent of the said Province.

WHEREAS by virtue and in exercise of the powers delegated to and vested in me in that behalf, I, John Hyde Harris, Superintendent of the Province of Otago, did, by Proclamation in the *Otago Provincial Government Gazette*, dated the first day of September last, proclaim and declare a certain district, or portion of the said Province, in the said Proclamation particularly described, to be an Infected District within the meaning and for the purposes of "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861;" And whereas it is expedient to extend the limits of the said infected district, and to include within the boundaries thereof that portion of the said Province as lies between the "Beaumont" Burn and "Talla" Burn; And whereas by a Proclamation issued by me on the twenty-sixth day of February last, I did make, publish, and proclaim certain Regulations for the destruction of Diseased Cattle within certain districts therein mentioned, and for prohibiting the removal of cattle out of the districts therein mentioned; And whereas it is expedient that similar Regulations should be in force in and be applicable to the whole of the said district, the limits whereof are hereby extended:

Now therefore, I, John Hyde Harris, Superintendent as aforesaid, by virtue and in exercise of the powers delegated to and vested in me in this behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare that from and after the day of the date hereof, and until further notice, so much of the said Province of Otago which lies between the "Beaumont" Burn and "Talla" Burn, shall form part of and be included within the said infected district proclaimed by me on the said first day of September last; and I do proclaim and declare that from and after the date hereof, the limits and boundaries hereinafter described shall be the limits and boundaries of the said infected district, as extended hereby, and shall include the territory hereinafter mentioned, that is to say: All that area within the Province of Otago, bounded towards the north by the Province of Canterbury, from Awarua Bay to the eastern shore of the Wanaka Lake; thence by the said eastern shore of the Wanaka Lake and the Clutha River to the Dunstan Mountains, thence by the Dunstan Mountains to Mount Saint Bathans, thence by the Hawkdun Mountains, the Kakanui Mountains, and the Horse Ranges, to the ocean; thence towards the east by the ocean to the Taieri River, thence by the Taieri River, the Waipori Lake and River, and a line in a north-westerly direction to the source of the "Talla" Burn; thence by "Talla" Burn to the Clutha River, thence by a line to the summit of the Tapanui Range, thence to Rankle Burn at its source, and by Rankle Burn, the Pomahaka and Waipahi Rivers, to the southern boundary line of run numbered 167; thence by the said southern boundary line to the Waikaka Stream, and by the Waikaka Stream to the Mataura River, and by the Mataura River and the northern boundary line of the Province of Southland to the Manipori Lake, and by the Waiau River to the ocean, and thence towards the south and west by the ocean to Awarua Bay, the starting point.

And by virtue of the powers in me vested in this behalf, I do further proclaim and declare that the Regulations made, published, and proclaimed in a Proclamation dated the twenty-sixth day of February last, for the destruction of cattle diseased with pleuro-pneumonia in the infected districts described in the said last-mentioned Proclamation, and for prohibiting the removal of cattle therefrom, and for preventing the further spread of the said disease, shall be in full force and effect in that part or portion of the Province of Otago hereinbefore proclaimed to be included within the infected district proclaimed on the said first day of September last; and the said Regulations, as proclaimed and published as aforesaid, I do hereby make, publish, and proclaim to be Regulations for the destruction of cattle diseased with pleuro-pneumonia within that portion of the Province hereinbefore proclaimed to be included within the said last-mentioned infected district, and for prohibiting the removal and transportation of cattle out of said last-mentioned district, and for preventing the further spread of the said disease.

Given under my hand at Dunedin, and issued under the Public Seal of the Province of Otago, this sixth day of November, 1864.

(L.S.) J. HYDE HARRIS,
Superintendent.

By His Honor's command,
H. J. MILLER,
For Acting Provincial Secretary.

PROCLAMATION

Declaring a certain portion of the Province of Otago to be an Infected District, under the provisions of the "Diseased Cattle Act, 1861."

By his Honor JOHN HYDE HARRIS, Esquire, Superintendent of the Province of Otago.

WHEREAS by virtue and in exercise of the power delegated to and vested in me in that behalf, I, John Hyde Harris, Superintendent of the Province of Otago, did, by Proclamation in the Government Gazette of the said Province, dated the first day of September last, proclaim and declare a certain district or portion of the said Province in the said Proclamation particularly described, to be an infected District within the meaning and for the purposes of "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861." And whereas by another Proclamation published in the said Gazette, and bearing date the sixth day of November last, I did the limits of the said Infected District extend, so as to include therein another portion of the said Province in the said last-mentioned Proclamation particularly described; And whereas it is expedient still further to extend the limits of the said infected district, and to include within the boundaries thereof that portion of the said Province as lies between the Beaumont Burn and Waitahuna River; And whereas by a Proclamation issued by me on the twenty-sixth day of February last, I did make, publish, and proclaim certain regulations for the destruction of diseased cattle within certain districts therein named, and for prohibiting the removal of cattle out of the Districts therein mentioned; And whereas it is expedient that similar Regulations should be in force in, and be applicable to the whole of the said district, the limits whereof are hereby extended:

Now therefore, I, John Hyde Harris, Superintendent as aforesaid, by virtue and in exercise of the powers delegated to and vested in me in this behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare that from and after the day of the date hereof, and until further notice, so much of the said Province of Otago which lies between the Beaumont Burn and Waitahuna River shall form part of and be included within, the said infected district proclaimed by me on the said first day of September last; and I do proclaim and declare that from and after the date hereof the limits and boundaries hereinafter described shall be the limits and boundaries of the said Infected District as extended hereby, and shall include the territory hereinafter mentioned, that is to say: All that area within the Province of Otago bounded towards the north by the Province of Canterbury, from Awarua Bay to the eastern shore of the Wanaka Lake, thence by the said eastern shore of the Wanaka Lake and the Clutha River to the Dunstan Mountains, thence by the Dunstan Mountains to Mount St. Bathans, thence by the Hawkdun Mountains, the Kakanui Mountains, and the Horse ranges to the Ocean; thence towards the east by the Ocean to the Taieri River, thence by the Taieri River to the Waipori Lake and River; thence due west from Waipori River to Waitahuna Hill, thence due west to the east branch of the Waitahuna River, thence by the Waitahuna to the Clutha River, thence by the Clutha River to the Talla Burn, thence by a line to the summit of the Tapanui Range, thence to Rankle Burn, at its source, and by Rankle Burn, Pomahaka, and Waipahi Rivers to the southern boundary line of Run numbered 167, thence by the said southern boundary line to the Waikaka Stream, and by the Waikaka Stream to the Mataura River, and by the Mataura River and the northern boundary line of the Province of Southland to the Manipori Lake, and by the Waiau River to the ocean, and thence towards the south and west by the ocean to Awarua Bay, the starting point.

And by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in me in this behalf, I do further proclaim and declare that the regulations made, published, and proclaimed in the Proclamation dated the twenty-sixth day of February last, for the destruction of cattle diseased with pleuro-pneumonia in the infected district described in the said last-mentioned Proclamation, and for pro-

hibiting the removal of Cattle therefrom, and for preventing the further spread of the said disease, shall be in full force and effect in that part or portion of the Province of Otago hereinbefore proclaimed to be included within the Infected District proclaimed on the said first day of September and sixth day of November last; and the said Regulations, as proclaimed and published as aforesaid, I do hereby Make, Publish, and Proclaim to be Regulations for the destruction of Cattle diseased with pleuro-pneumonia within that portion of the said Province hereinbefore proclaimed to be included within the last-mentioned infected district, and for prohibiting the removal and transportation of Cattle out of the said last-mentioned district, and for preventing the further spread of the said disease.

Given under my hand at Dunedin, and issued under the Public Seal of the Province of Otago, this twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

JOHN HYDE HARRIS,
Superintendent.

By his Honor's command,
JOHN CARGILL,
Acting Provincial Secretary.

Notice—Diseased Cattle.

WHEREAS it having been found that Cattle suffering from infectious disease have been landed at the Port of Otago, it is desirable that the restrictions upon the landing of Cattle arriving from other Ports, provided by sub-sections A, B, C, and D, of section 4 of "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861," should be strictly enforced.

The following instructions have therefore been issued to the Inspector of Cattle:—

1. On the arrival of any vessel in the said Port having cattle on board, to ascertain their number, to inspect every animal with the greatest care, and if no infectious disease shall be apparent in any animal at the time of such inspection, to give notice to the master of such vessel that he will inspect the said cattle again at the end of three days, at which time, if no infectious disease shall be apparent in any animal, to order the removal of the said cattle to a quarantine ground, to be appointed by the Superintendent for that purpose, there to remain until they shall be released by virtue of an order in writing under the hand of the Superintendent.

But if it shall appear on such first or second inspection that any one or more of such cattle are suffering from any infectious disease, to forthwith give notice to that effect to the master of such vessel, in pursuance of sub-section C, of section 4, of "The Diseased Cattle Act, 1861."

2. On the expiration of twenty-four hours after such last-mentioned notice shall have been given, to visit the said vessel, and if he shall find any cattle alive therein, or if the said cattle, or any of them, shall have been landed either alive or dead during the said twenty-four hours, to take immediate steps for the enforcement of the penalties created by section number 12 of the aforesaid Act.

J. HYDE HARRIS,
Superintendent.

Remarks upon the Chatham Islands.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 1st July, 1865.

THE following remarks on the Chatham Islands by Captain Hope, of H.M.S. "Brisk," are published for general information.

J. C. RICHMOND.

On making the Great Chatham Island from the westward, Mount Maunganui is very conspicuous, being a high rugged hill, with a broken irregular outline, appearing to form the north extreme of land; but, on approaching nearer, Point Patterson is discovered,—a long low point, off which there are dangerous reefs extending a mile or more. Mount Dieffenbach is seen to the right of Maunganui,—a sharp pointed pyramidal hill, said to be the highest on the islands, but Maunganui looks higher. There are other peaks resembling Dieffenbach, but lower.

The "Brisk" approached Point Allison on an east course, and then passed through Cuba Channel into Petre Bay:—The coast from Point Allison to Point Somes appears fringed with rocks, and should not be approached nearer than a mile. The sea breaking on the west reef may be seen eight or ten miles off from the masthead; and on closing nearer, patches of the reef are seen above water. The reef seems to be correctly placed on the chart, but appears to extend somewhat further in a north-west direction from the dry part than is there laid down. There is however a channel of three miles at least, between the reef and Point Somes, through which, steaming at half-speed, we could get no bottom at ten fathoms, and there were no indications of any other dangers.

The only anchorages to be recommended in Petre Bay are Wangarua (Port Hutt), and Port Waitangi; the other bays on the north side being exposed to south and south-west winds. Wangarua is the only anchorage sheltered from all winds, but it is very confined, and with strong west or south-west winds there is a heavy sea at the entrance; therefore, a vessel should anchor as far in as possible.

The entrance to Wangarua may be easily recognized by the sketch on the chart. With the nib or hummock on Mount Iwa Kawa open to the eastward of Mount Maunganui, (as shewn in the sketch) the harbor is open, and the white sandy beach at its head will be seen. There are likewise sandy beaches at the head of the two bays to the eastward of Wangarua, care therefore should be taken not to mistake between them. The sea breaking on the rocks at either side of the entrance to Wangarua marks the dangers, and it is only necessary to keep midway between, and steer straight in on a north-west by west course (compass).

A patch of floating kelp stretches partly across the entrance from Nopper reef, but there is deep water where it lies, and the "Brisk" passed through it. The reef off Point Gordon must be avoided, but the outer edge of the kelp there marks the deep water. The "Brisk" anchored inside the line from Point Gordon to Point Evans, in five fathoms, coarse sand and shells, with the centre of the little cove behind Point Evans bearing north-east. A large vessel should moor, if intending to stay any time, as there is scarcely room at single anchor to swing all round, unless the anchor were dropped exactly in the centre of the harbor. There is a stream of excellent water at the north-west corner of the harbor, but no firewood or supplies of any kind are to be had here, the country for miles round being bleak open moorland, intersected by small lakes and swamps. The only habitations here at the time of the visit of H.M.S. "Brisk," were two native huts on the west side at Howard Bay.

The anchorage at Port Waitanga is not a safe one for large vessels during westerly gales. Vessels drawing not more than twelve or thirteen feet may ride out south-west gales, by anchoring close in with Point Hansom bearing south-west, or south-west by west; they will then be in a measure sheltered from the heavy sea, but will experience a rolling swell that will try their cables. With a gale from the north-west, this is decidedly a dangerous anchorage.

H.M.S. "Brisk" experienced a heavy south-west gale while at anchor there in May, 1865, with Clatchie point bearing west-south-west in six fathoms, fine black sand. The gale lasted forty-eight hours, one cable parted and the ship was in a very critical position, a high breaking sea running, and a strong offset from the shore keeping the ship at times broadside to wind and sea. An American whaler, laying further in, also parted a cable, and the crew left her expecting her to be wrecked, but she rode it out safely; as did also a schooner laying close under Point Hansom. A shoal, having five fathoms on it, is said to lie a mile-and-a-half to the northward of the anchorage, but the exact spot is uncertain. It is however known to the natives, who go there to fish.

Port Waitangi is the principal place in the Chatham Islands, the Resident Magistrate lives here, as also several other Europeans. Fresh meat, poultry, and vegetables may be had here in abundance and very cheap; the potatoes, for which the islands are celebrated, are very fine; and at times a large quantity is exported to New Zealand and Australia. The land in this neighbourhood is very good; wheat is cultivated and answers well, and all kinds of English fruits and vegetables come to perfection. The lakes abound with wild ducks, and there are also curlew, plover, and pigeons, with abundance of wild pigs all over the islands.

On steaming along the southern shore of Petre Bay, nothing was seen of the Heaphy shoal, and I was told it had no existence. There was a heavy swell running, but there was no appearance of a break anywhere off this shore, except upon the Jenny reef, which appears to be rather less in extent than the chart shews.

The coast from Point Durham to Point Evêque is high and bold, apparently clear of dangers. Point Evêque has close behind it a remarkable hill, with a cleft rock on the top exactly like a bishop's mitre, from whence its name is given.

The Sentry reef appears to be correctly placed, but it is smaller in extent than is laid down in the chart. It is entirely under water, but the sea breaks violently upon it. The "Brisk" passed about a mile-and-a-half to the northward of it.

There is said to be a rock some little distance from the shore, two or three miles to the westward of Cape Fournier, but it is out of the ordinary track of vessels passing through Pitt Straits, and we saw nothing of it. I was assured by residents, that with the exception of this rock and Sentry reef, Pitt Straits are entirely free from dangers; the rocks laying off the west and south-west sides of Pitt Island being so high and steep as to be quite underserving that name.

Pitt Island and its surrounding islets and rocks, are most incorrectly laid down on the chart; in fact, with the exception of Sentry reef, the entire chart south of Capes Evêque and Fournier is erroneous. The north end of Pitt Island is placed five miles too much to the northward, and its shape and the outline of its shores are altogether different. The north end of this island is formed by a bay about a mile-and-a-half in width, and half-a-mile in depth, where there is good anchorage with all southerly winds. From the centre of this bay, Point Evêque bore by compass north 81° west, and Cape Fournier, north 33° west; and, assuming that these two capes are correctly laid down on the chart, this point in the bay would be in latitude $44^{\circ} 13'$ south, longitude $176^{\circ} 29'$ west. This latitude is at all events nearly correct, as it agrees with our observations at noon. Mr. Hunt, an Englishman who has resided twenty-five years on the island, lives in this bay; he farms a great portion of the island, and gains his livelihood by supplying whalers with fresh provisions of all

sorts. He also acts as pilot to them, and it is chiefly from him that I derived whatever information did not come under my own notice.

On the east side of Pitt Island there is an anchorage much frequented by whalers, where vessels may ride well sheltered from westerly gales; and on the west side there is good anchorage with northerly and easterly winds, in a bay behind a very high and precipitous island called by the residents "the Castle." This island, which is probably that named in the chart "the Fort," occupies more nearly the position of "the Outposts" as there laid down; this latter, a very remarkable sharp pointed serrated rock, is further to the south-west; and the extreme rock of this group, called "the Sail rock" from its extraordinary resemblance to a boat with a gigantic lug-sail, lies considerably to the south-west of its position on the chart. This group of rocks is very remarkable; the "Castle" is flat topped with perpendicular precipitous sides 300 or 400 feet high. We were too far off to judge of the position of the rocks off the south end of the island. As we did not anchor, being pressed for time, I was unable to fix the position of the north end of Pitt Island with accuracy, but it is certainly five miles south of its position on the chart.

On leaving the north end of the island, we steered north-north-east, which took us about four or five miles to the northward of Beetier rock, a flat-topped islet of about 150 feet high. It is laid down some six miles too far to the north-west of its proper position, as it lies on the parallel of 44° south, and has thence obtained the local name of "the Fortys-fours."

Round Island is placed about four miles too far to the north-west. The existence of the three rocks laid down in latitude $44^{\circ} 20'$ south, longitude $176^{\circ} 30'$ west, is very doubtful; and the Star Quay reef is said to occupy quite a different position.

Abundance of fresh meat, potatoes and vegetables may be obtained at Pitt Island, as also poultry, milk, and butter. The island is thickly wooded; the soil, very fertile; and, as at the great island, all kinds of English fruits, &c., grow and thrive. Wheat is also cultivated, but not in quantity sufficient for exportation.

H.M.S. "Brisk," Auckland, 31st May, 1865.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 1st July, 1865.

THE following letter from the Honorary Secretary to the New Zealand Industrial Exhibition, is published for general information.

J. C. RICHMOND.

Offices of the Royal Commission,
Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand,
24th June, 1865.

SIR,—I have the honor, by direction of the Commissioners, to forward for the information of Government the following extract from the last letter received by the Commissioners from their Agent in England, Mr. John Morrison:—

"I may call the attention of the Commissioners to the fact that the date for holding the next Great International Exhibition at Paris has been fixed for 1867, and would urge the desirability of giving the Colony a prominent position on that occasion, for Tasmania, Victoria, New South Wales, and other Australian Colonies have already been favourably known in France and Europe by their products shown at these Exhibitions.

"As this could be well carried out in connection with any collection of articles permanently kept in London, it is therefore to be hoped that some sum may be granted by the General Government for such

a judicious purpose when the finances of the Colony are in a more favorable condition."

In furtherance of Mr. Morrison's views, I am instructed to express the very strong sense the Commissioners entertain of the desirability of active steps being taken to ensure the due representation of New Zealand at the Paris Exhibition, 1867, and their hope that Government will be pleased to devise measures for the active promotion of a project so certain to benefit the Colony.

I have, &c.,

ALFRED ECCLES,

Honorary Secretary.

The Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

B. C. Haggitt, Esq., appointed a Justice of the Peace.
Attorney-General's Office,
Wellington, 29th May, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

BRYAN CECIL HÄGGITT,
of Dunedin, in the Province of Otago, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony of New Zealand.

HENRY SEWELL.

B. C. Haggitt, Esq., J.P., appointed a Resident Magistrate.

Attorney-General's Office,
Wellington, 29th May, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

BRYAN CECIL HÄGGITT, Esq., J.P.,
of Dunedin, in the Province of Otago, to be a Resident Magistrate.

HENRY SEWELL.

Justice of the Peace appointed.

Attorney-General's Office,
Wellington, 12th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

COUNT GERARD GUSTAVUS DUCAREL DE LAPASTURE,
of St. Helen's, Amuri, in the Province of Marlborough, to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony of New Zealand.

HENRY SEWELL.

Justices of the Peace appointed.

Attorney-General's Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

ROBERT DEANEY, Esq.,
of Christchurch, and
WILLIAM SPENCE PETER, Esq.,
of Ashburton, in the Province of Canterbury;
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Esq.,
of Upper Harbour,
WILLIAM DICK MURISON, Esq.,
of Mainatoto Claim,
WILLIAM GILBERT REES, Esq.,
of Lake Wakatipu, and
HENRY ALDBOROUGH STRATFORD, Esq.,
of Cromwell, in the Province of Otago;
CÆSAR HASTINGS OTWAY, Esq.,
of Akitio, Castle Point, in the Province of Wellington;
HENRY EDWARD RICE, Esq.,
of Tauranga, in the Province of Auckland; and
THOMAS HENRY WIGLEY, Esq.,
of Amuri, in the Province of Marlborough, to be Justices of the Peace for the Colony of New Zealand.

HENRY SEWELL.

Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court appointed.
Attorney-General's Office.

Wellington, 28th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

ALEXANDER SUTHERLAND ALLAN,
of Wellington, in the Province of Wellington, Esquire,
to be a Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court.

HENRY SEWELL.

H. E. Rice, Esq., J.P., appointed a Resident Magistrate.

Attorney-General's Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HENRY EDWARD RICE, Esq., J.P.,
of Tauranga, in the Province of Auckland, to be a Resident Magistrate.

HENRY SEWELL.

Resignation of R. F. Porter, Esq., as Sub-Treasurer at Auckland, accepted.

Treasury, Wellington,
June 27th, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept, as on the 1st July, 1865, the resignation by

RICHARD FIELD PORTER, Esq.,
of the office of Sub-Treasurer at Auckland.
WILLIAM FITZHERBERT.

The Hon. D. Pollen, M.L.C., appointed Sub-Treasurer at Auckland.

Treasury, Wellington,
June 27th, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honorable DANIEL POLLEN, M.L.C.,
to be Sub-Treasurer at Auckland; the appointment to date from the 1st July, 1865.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT.

MILITIA AND VOLUNTEERS.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments viz.:—

In the Auckland Militia.

Captain Thomas Beckham, to be Major. Date of Commission, 17th May, 1865.

Captain Alfred Benson Griffiths, to be Major. Date of Commission, 18th May, 1865.

John Alexander Wilson, to be Captain. Date of Commission, 20th June, 1865.

James Fulloon, to be Captain. Date of Commission, 30th June, 1865.

Ensign George McVay, to be Lieutenant. Date of Commission, 2nd June, 1865.

George Henry Cheeseman, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 2nd June, 1865.

William C. Kensington, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 3rd June, 1865.

Albert Simeon, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 7th June, 1865.

—Ross to be Ensign, *vice* Whitfield killed in action. Date of Commission, 25th June, 1865.

Charles Finnerty, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 28th June, 1865.

In the Napier Militia District.

Major Charles Lambert, to command the Volunteers. Date of Commission, 1st June, 1865.

In the Taranaki Militia.

Lieutenant Arthur Standish, to be Captain. Date of Commission, 3rd March, 1865.

William Tatton, to be Lieutenant. Date of Commission, 17th May, 1865.

Thomas Kelly, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 17th May, 1865.

Louis Von Rotter, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 14th June, 1865.

Henry William Northcroft, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 28th June, 1865.

In the Wanganui Militia.

George Denis Bowman Nowlan, to be Ensign. Date of Commission, 24th March, 1865.

In the Marlborough Rangers Volunteers.

George Lilly Mellish, to be Lieutenant. Date of Commission, 22nd March, 1865.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments in the New Zealand Militia, viz. :—

Captain Robert Parris to be Major, (unattached.)
Date of Commission, 6th May, 1865.

Lieutenant Charles P. Sisson, Taranaki Militia, to be placed on the unattached list.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Colonial Defence Office, Wellington,
July 10th, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

LIEUT.-COLONEL HARRINGTON,
of the Auckland Militia, to the temporary command of the Waikato Militia Regiments and the Auckland Defence Force, and while holding such command to have the local rank of Colonel in the Auckland Militia.

This appointment to date from the 10th July, 1865.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Colonial Defence Office.
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the undermentioned resignations, viz. :—

Captain G. L. Mellish, Auckland Militia.
Captain A. W. F. Halcombe, Rangitikei Cavalry Volunteers.

Captain B. Fullarton, Waikouaiti Rifle Volunteers.

Sub.-Lieutenant W. H. Mumford, Volunteer Naval Brigade.

Lieutenant Duncan Cameron, Castle Point Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant H. Jackson, Featherston Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant Stephen H. Towgood, Wanganui Cavalry Volunteers.

Ensign J. T. B. Fraser, Auckland Militia.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Colonial Defence Office.
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to disband the

"Napier Cavalry Volunteers."

H. A. ATKINSON.

Colonial Defence Office,
Wellington, 27th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct that the conditions, dated 3rd August, 1863, upon which land situated in the Waikato country, in the Province of Auckland, will be granted

to Volunteer Militiamen, to Military and Naval Settlers, and to Settlers willing to perform military service, shall be cancelled; and the same are hereby cancelled accordingly.

H. A. ATKINSON.

Native Secretary's Department,
Wellington, 30th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM ROLLESTON, Esq.,

to be Under Secretary in the Native Department. This appointment to date from the 17th instant.

WALTER MANTELL.

James Mackay, jun., Esq., to be a Civil Commissioner.

Native Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 10th July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JAMES MACKAY the younger, Esq.,

to be a Civil Commissioner for the Colony of New Zealand. This appointment to take effect from the 18th of May, 1865.

WALTER MANTELL.

Native Secretary's Department,
Wellington, 5th July, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JAMES HAMLIN, Esq.,

to be a person to ascertain the assent of the Natives in the Manawatu District to their Reserves being brought under the operation of "The Native Reserves Act, 1856."

WALTER MANTELL.

P O S T A L.

Trial Trip of the P., N.Z. and A. R. M. Company's s.s. "Taranua."

General Post Office,
Wellington, 27th June, 1865.

THE following Report of the Trial Trip of the Panama, New Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company's s.s. "Taranua," is published for general information.

J. L. C. RICHARDSON,
Postmaster-General.

Auckland, 1st May, 1865

SIR,—In compliance with your instructions, I have surveyed the Panama, New Zealand and Australian Company's new screw steamer "Taranua," as to her fitness for the Mail service under Admiralty contract, 1858, and beg to report that, on a trial of speed at the measured mile on the 28th ultimo, she attained a mean of 11.56 knots per hour, with coals and ballast on board equivalent to a fair average cargo, the weather at the time being most favorable. With reference to the equipments and build of hull, I consider that when the requirements specified in the accompanying list* are complied with, the "Taranua" will then be fit for the Mail Service under contract before referred to, so far as could be ascertained on a survey afloat, with coals and ballast on board, and linings in place. For the information of Government, I also enclose description of ship and analysis of runs at the measured mile, taken by Mr. Aylmer, the engineer-surveyor who assisted me in the survey.

I remain, &c.,

R. JOHNSON,
Mail Agent and Inspector
of Mail Steamers.

Hon. the Postmaster-General.

* List not published.

Results of Trial Trip of the s.s. "Tararua" in Auckland Harbor, 29th April, 1865.

Weather, clear; wind, very light; water, smooth.
First run (with slight tide), average revolutions of engines, 78; average vacuum, 26 in.; average pressure in boilers, 21½ lbs.; time, 4 min. 55 sec.; speed, 12.203 knots.

Second run (against slight tide), average revolutions of engines, 76; average vacuum, 25 in.; average pressure in boilers, 21 lbs.; time, 5 min. 36 sec.; speed, 10.714 knots.

Third run (with tide), average revolutions of engines, 76; average vacuum, 26½ in.; average pressure in boilers, 20 lbs.; time, 4 min. 30 sec.; speed, 13.333 knots.

Fourth run (against tide), average revolutions of engines, 26; average vacuum, 26½ in.; average pressure in boilers, 20 lbs.; time, 6 min.; speed, 10 knots.

Mean speed of the four runs, 11.562 knots per hour.

Particulars of hull, &c.—Length, 220 ft.; breadth, 28 ft.; depth, 18 ft.; draught (light) 13 ft. aft, 10 ft. 6 in. forward; rig, barque; decks, two; tonnage, 572 tons register; official number, 50088; port of registry, London.

Particulars of engines, &c.—Inverted direct acting condensing; diameter of cylinders, 46 in.; length of stroke, 30 in.; pitch of screw, 19 ft. 6 in.; diameter of ditto, 12 ft.; number of blades, two; number of boilers, two; description of ditto, multitubular, three furnaces each; coal carried in bunkers, 260 tons.

Hull, engines, and boilers by Messrs. Gourlay Brothers, Dundee, 1864.

RICHARD AYLMEY,
Engineer Surveyor.

Marine Board Office,
Auckland, May 1, 1865.

The Under Secretary, Native Secretary's Department, to frank Letters on the Public Service free from pre-payment of Postage.

General Post Office,
Wellington, 27th June, 1865.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to authorise

THE UNDER SECRETARY, NATIVE DEPARTMENT, to frank, free from pre-payment, Official Letters and Packets addressed from the Native Secretary's Office on the Public Service.

J. L. C. RICHARDSON,
Postmaster-General.

MARINE BOARD.

Notice to Mariners.—Dog Island Lighthouse.

REFERRING to a Notice issued by the Board of Trade, dated 1st March, 1865, stating that the Light on Dog Island, Foveaux Strait, would be exhibited during the month of April, 1865, it has been found that through unavoidable delays the above light will not be in readiness for permanent exhibition before the end of July.

CHAS. SHARP,
President Marine Board.

Marine Board Office,
Wellington, 23rd June, 1865.

CUSTOMS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned person has been duly licensed, under clause 16 of "The Customs Regulation Act, 1858," to act as a Custom House Agent at the Port of Wellington, until the 31st December, 1865.

DANIEL MCINTYRE, Custom House Street.

W. SEED,
Deputy Commissioner.
Custom House, Wellington, 24th June, 1865.

Customs.

THE Bonded Warehouse lately in the occupation of Messrs. Thornton, Smith and Firth, comprising the half of a lower storey of a brick and stone building, in the rear of Messrs. Combes and Daldy's premises, Lower Queen-street, Auckland, having an entrance from a lane turning off from Fort-street, has been transferred to Messrs. Walter Combes and William Crush Daldy, and will for the future be known as—

MESSRS. COMBES AND DALDY'S WAREHOUSE.
W. YOUNG,
Deputy Commissioner.

Auckland, 26th June, 1865.

Customs.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Warehouse has been duly approved as a Bonding Warehouse, under clause 11 "Customs Regulation Act, 1858," in the Port of Auckland:

A brick and stone two-storied building in the rear of Messrs. J. S. Macfarlane and Co's. free store, Lower Queen-street, Auckland, having an entrance from a lane turning off from Fort-street, in the occupation of Messrs. J. S. Macfarlane and Co., and known as—

J. S. MACFARLANE AND CO'S. WAREHOUSE.
W. YOUNG,
Deputy Commissioner.

Auckland, 26th June, 1865.

Registrar-General's Office,
Auckland, 30th June, 1865.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and intituled "The Marriage Act, 1854," the following names of OFFICIATING MINISTERS, within the meaning of the said Act, are published for general information:

Wesleyan Methodist Society.
The Reverend GEORGE S. HARPER,
" GEORGE B. QUILTY.

I, JOHN B. BENNETT, Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in New Zealand, do hereby certify that the foregoing NAMES OF OFFICIATING MINISTERS, within the meaning of "The Marriage Act, 1854," have been sent in to me in addition to the names in Lists published in the *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 3, of the 31st of January; No. 12, of the 8th of April; No. 13, of the 25th of April; and No. 18, of the 31st of May; and No. 22, of the 27th of June, in the present year.

Given under my hand at Auckland, this thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

JOHN B. BENNETT,
Registrar-General.

Notice under "Joint Stock Companies Act, 1860."

I JOHN BOYLE BENNETT, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies for the Provinces of Auckland and Hawke's Bay, in the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby notify that I have registered a Memorandum of Association, with Articles of Association annexed, establishing a Company (with limited liability of the Shareholders therein) entitled,

"THE UNION-REEF GOLD MINING COMPANY
(Limited),"

the object of which is "the mining or working a gold-bearing Reef at Coromandel, and the doing of all such other things as are conducive to the attainment of the above object;"

And that in pursuance of the provisions of "The Joint Stock Companies Act, 1860," I have issued a

Certificate of Incorporation of the said Company, bearing date this tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

JOHN B. BENNETT,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Office of Registrar of Joint Stock Companies,
Auckland, 10th April, 1865.

Notice under "The Joint Stock Companies Act, 1860."

I HEREBY call a General Meeting of the Shareholders of "The United Gold Mining Company (limited)," to be held at the Offices in Wyndham Street, Auckland, which are in the occupation of Messrs. Waymouth and Gilmer, accountants, at the hour of three of the clock in the afternoon, on Friday, the eleventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, for the purpose of considering my account.

J. WAYMOUTH,
Liquidator.

Auckland, 26th June, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that by Deed bearing date the 7th day of July, 1865, and expressed to be made between George Masterton Clarke, here-

tofore of Kaiapoi, in the Province of Canterbury, in the Colony of New Zealand, schoolmaster, since of the same place, auctioneer, and now of Wellington, in the same Colony, solicitor's clerk, of the one part, and Robert Rodger Strang, of Wellington aforesaid, Registrar of the Supreme Court there, of the other part; pursuant to the order of the Supreme Court of New Zealand therein recited, the said George Masterton Clarke assigned to the said Robert Rodger Strang as such Registrar, and his assigns, certain debts and credits in the schedule to the said deed mentioned, in trust, after payment of the expenses of collecting and getting in the said debts, to divide the net proceeds thereof between the several creditors of the said George Masterton Clarke named in the schedule to his petition therein mentioned, who should within three months after notice of the said Assignment should have been published in the General Government Gazette and in the Gazettes of the Provinces of Wellington and Canterbury, come in and prove their debts at Wellington aforesaid, rateably and in proportion to the amount of their debts.

ROBERT HART,
Solicitor.

Wellington, July 7th, 1865.

I, WILLIAM HENRY CUTTEN, a Commissioner duly appointed by virtue of the Ordinance No. 15, Session XL, of the Legislative Council of the Islands of New Zealand, to hear and decide Claims to Land by persons claiming Title thereto from, through, or under the New Zealand Company, report that the investigations of the persons whose names appear in the Schedule hereunder, having been duly referred to me for investigation, I do hereby decide that the said persons are respectively entitled to the Crown Grants set against their names in the said Schedule.

Land Claims Office, Dunedin, 6th June, 1865.

W. H. CUTTEN, Commissioner.

SCHEDULE.

No. of Report.	No. of Claim.	Name of Claimant.	Commissioner's Decision.
338	290	John Law	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 12, Irregular Block, East Taieri District.
339	296	William Hunter Reynolds .	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 8, Block V., Lower Kaikorai District.
339	296	William Hunter Reynolds .	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Suburban Section number 123, Wakari District.
340	297	Thomas Oliver	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Suburban Section number 120, Wakari District.
341	372	Edward Martin	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 153, Block XIX., Tokomairiro District.
342	391	John Gillies	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 2, Block XXXIX., Tokomairiro District.
343	392	John Gillies	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 3, Block XXXIX., Tokomairiro District.
344	393	John Sutherland	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 12, Block III., East Taieri District.
345	394	Edward Martin	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Section number 88, Block X., Tokomairiro District.
346	401	William Alfred Mosley .	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Sections numbers 4, 6, 7, and 8, Block VIII., Inch Clutha.
347	402	John Petchell	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Sections numbers 8, and 9, Block XII., Inch Clutha.
348	404	Archibald Anderson . .	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Rural Sections, numbers 9, and 11, Block XIII., Inch Clutha.
349	405	Alexander Ferrier . . .	Entitled to a Crown Grant of Suburban Section number 6, Block IV., Anderson's Bay District.

TABLE showing, for each ELECTORAL DISTRICT in the Colony of NEW ZEALAND, the NUMBERS of the MALE POPULATION, as ascertained by a CENSUS taken in December, 1864, the NUMBER of REPRESENTATIVES in the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, the NUMBER of ELECTORS, and the PROPORTION of ELECTORS to the MALE INHABITANTS.

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.	Total Male Population.	Number of Males aged 21 years and upwards.	Number of Representatives.	Number of Electors.	Proportion of Electors to every 100 of Total Male Population.	Proportion of Electors to every 100 Males of 21 and upwards.
1. Mongonui	245	137	one	116	47.34	84.67
2. Bay of Islands	642	341	one	139	21.65	40.76
3. Marsden	1,420	713	one	456	32.11	63.95
4. Northern Division	2,282	1,398	two	741	32.47	53.00
5. City of Auckland East	2,064	1,194	one	719	34.83	60.21
6. City of Auckland West	4,617	2,644	two	1,000	21.65	37.82
7. Parnell	1,482	788	one	323	21.79	40.98
8. Newton	1,215	622	one	362	29.79	58.19
9. Pensioner Settlements	745	360	one	253	33.95	76.27
10. Town of Onehunga	1,115	525	one	255	22.86	48.57
11. Franklin	2,573	1,660	two	523	20.32	31.50
12. Raglan	2,429	1,470	one	585	24.08	39.79
13. Grey and Bell	191	113	one	198	103.66	175.22
14. Town of New Plymouth	1,633	891	one	178	10.90	19.97
15. Omata	51	32	one	99	194.11	309.37
16. Wanganui	1,429	767	one	257	17.98	33.50
17. Rangitikei	741	421	one	150	20.24	35.62
18. Porirua	1,252	590	one	541	43.21	91.69
19. City of Wellington	2,327	1,134	three	874	37.55	77.07
20. Hutt	1,142	516	two	467	40.89	90.50
21. Wairarapa	1,316	711	one	258	19.60	36.28
22. Napier	1,233	739	one	264	21.41	35.72
23. Clive	1,061	731	one	168	15.83	22.98
24. Collingwood	474	248	one	169	35.65	68.14
25. Motueka	1,149	490	one	319	27.76	65.10
26. City of Nelson	2,364	1,216	two	600	25.38	49.34
27. Suburbs of Nelson	406	186	one	151	37.19	81.18
28. Waimea	1,721	945	one	416	24.17	44.02
29. Picton	2,588	2,070	one	316	12.21	15.26
30. Wairau	1,248	756	one	259	20.75	34.25
31. Cheviot	3,899	2,778	one	364	9.33	13.10
32. Kaiapoi	1,890	872	one	361	19.10	41.39
33. Avon	1,916	927	one	449	23.43	48.43
34. Havelock	2,798	1,473	one	665	23.76	45.14
35. Ellesmere	458	270	one	69	15.06	25.55
36. City of Christchurch	3,467	1,965	one	836	24.11	42.54
37. Town of Lyttelton	1,353	804	one	295	21.80	36.69
38. Akaroa	918	497	one	192	20.91	38.63
39. Timaru	2,353	1,679	one	347	14.74	20.66
40. Hampden	10,345	8,850	one	572	5.52	6.46
41. Bruce	7,391	5,239	two	971	13.13	18.53
42. Dunedin and Suburbs North	5,473	3,105	two	1,050	19.18	33.81
43. Dunedin and Suburbs South	6,383	4,051	two	1,258	19.70	31.05
44. Wallace	7,381	5,279	two	967	13.10	18.31
45. Otago Gold Fields*						
Totals	99,180	62,197	*Fifty-five	19,552	19.71	31.43

The value of the columns showing the proportion of Electors to the Population is qualified by the fact, that in numerous instances Electors are non-resident, many having votes in more than one District. As respects the Electoral Districts of Taranaki, there is, moreover, the special consideration that, in consequence of the war, the great bulk of the population of the Province has been congregated in the town of New Plymouth.

The Totals of Male Population in this Table vary in some instances from those in Table No. 3, published in the *Gazette* of May 18th, having been corrected from the latest Returns forwarded by the Census Enumerators.

The Military Settlers, &c., are not included in the above Table. The numbers in the shipping in the various harbors have also been deducted from the Population of the respective Electoral Districts.

* The Electoral District of the Otago Gold Fields, (returning two Members, which make the House of Representatives consist of fifty-seven Members, instead of fifty-five as above) is not included in the foregoing Table, as from the nature of the qualification of the Electors (defined in "The Miners' Representation Act Amendment Act, 1863,") no Electoral Roll for it can be formed in the usual way. But the Population of the Gold Fields in Otago, at the time of taking the Census, (December, 1864) was as follows:—Number of Males aged 21 years and upwards, 11,838, (included in the above numbers for Hampden, Bruce, and Wallace). Total Male Population, 13,276; Females, 2,375; Total Population, 15,651.

JOHN B. BENNETT,
Registrar-General.

